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AS

22/10/2020

## Matteo Spreafico da positivo en el Giro por ostarina

**El italiano del Vini Zabù fue suspendido provisionalmente y abandona la carrera, en la que marchaba 127º. Puede pedir la muestra B.**



Vini

La Unión Ciclista Internacional (UCI) acaba de comunicar que Matteo Spreafico (Vini Zabù-Brado-KTM) dio positivo en dos jornadas consecutivas en el Giro. Dos controles recogidos el 15 y 16 de octubre (la etapa 12, con final en Cesenatico, la 13, en Monselice) mostraron trazas de ostarina.

El italiano de 27 años "tiene derecho a solicitar y asistir" a los análisis de las muestras B, según se lee en la nota oficial de la UCI. Spreafico ha sido suspendido provisionalmente y ha abandonado la carrera, en la que marchaba en el puesto 127 de la general tras la etapa del Stelvio.

La ostarina figura en la lista de sustancias prohibidas de la Agencia Mundial Antidopaje (AMA) desde 2008, en la sección otros agentes anabólicos. Nikita Novikov y Kayle Leogrande, dos excorredoras, fueron cazadas por ostarina antes que Spreafico.

[https://as.com/ciclismo/2020/10/22/giro\\_italia/1603401513\\_394279.html](https://as.com/ciclismo/2020/10/22/giro_italia/1603401513_394279.html)

**MUNDO DEPORTIVO**

22/10/2020

**Positivo por dopaje de un corredor en el Giro**

- Matteo Spreafico, del Vini Zabú, ha sido suspendido tras dar resultados anormales de una sustancia prohibida por dopaje



El ciclista italiano Matteo Spreafico, del equipo Vini Zabu, apartado del Giro por dopaje (TWITTER)

El ciclista italiano **Matteo Spreafico**, del equipo Vini Zabú, está suspendido provisionalmente tras controles de dopaje “anormales” en el **Giro**, anunció este jueves la Unión Ciclista Internacional (UCI).

“El ciclista italiano Matteo Spreafico fue notificado de dos Resultados Analíticos Adversos (AAF) por Enobosarm (u ostarine) en dos muestras tomadas durante el Giro de Italia el 15 y 16 de octubre de 2020 (es decir, durante las etapas 12 y 13)”, indica la UCI en nota de prensa.

Es una sustancia prohibida por la **Agencia Mundial Antidopaje** y clasificada como agente anabólico.

“De acuerdo con el reglamento antidopaje de la UCI, el corredor fue suspendido provisionalmente hasta que se juzgue este caso”, añade el organismo con sede en Aigle (Suiza).

Spreafico, de 27 años, se unió a Vini Zabú, un equipo profesional del segundo escalón mundial durante la temporada y estaba corriendo su primer Giro.

Después de 18 etapas del Giro, Spreafico navegaba en la parte inferior de la clasificación, en el puesto 127 a más de 5 horas del portador del maillot rosa, el holandés **Wilco Kelderman**.

Vini Zabú es uno de los tres equipos de segunda división invitados al Giro, aunque no es, a diferencia de los otros dos (Androni, Bardiani), del **Movimiento por un Ciclismo Creíble (MPCC)**, el Asociación líder en el campo del antidopaje.

El equipo italiano, dirigido por los italianos Angelo Citracca y Luca Scinto, llevó el año pasado el nombre de Neri Sottoli.

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<https://www.mundodeportivo.com/ciclismo/giro-italia/20201022/484229468656/positivo-por-dopaje-de-un-corredor-en-el-giro.html>

**MUNDO DEPORTIVO**

22/10/2020

La AMA halla datos taxativos sobre dopaje gracias a confidentes

- Las revelaciones, una vez comprobadas, han permitido descubrir el uso de dobles para pasar los controles de orina, sobornos, aviso previo de pruebas o implicación de entrenadores y dirigentes



Tamas Ajan

dimitió como presidente de la Federación Internacional de Halterofilia en mayo (IWF)

EFEMadrid

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La **Agencia Mundial Antidopaje (AMA)** ha profundizado en la cultura del dopaje y del encubrimiento que ha imperado durante años en **el mundo de la halterofilia** gracias a la ayuda de confidentes, cuyas revelaciones, una vez comprobadas, han permitido descubrir prácticas como el uso de dobles para pasar los controles de orina, sobornos, aviso previo de pruebas o implicación de entrenadores y dirigentes.

Como resultado, dieciocho levantadores de pesas de seis países -que la AMA no concreta- han sido identificados mediante pruebas de ADN como sospechosos de cambiar su orina por la de otras personas. Estos casos se trasladarán a la Agencia Internacional de Control (ITA), autoridad independiente que se encarga ahora de la gestión antidopaje y a la que está suscrita la **Federación Internacional de Halterofilia (IWF)**.

"Es como entrar en una prisión y encontrar gente inocente. Hay excepciones, pero en nuestro deporte la excepción es una entre un millón", dijo a la AMA un confidente sobre el alcance generalizado del dopaje en esta disciplina.

Entre las prácticas descubiertas por la AMA en cuatro investigaciones que comenzó su departamento de Inteligencia en 2017 figuran: uso de dispositivos urinarios sintéticos para intercambiar la orina sucia por orina limpia, uso de atletas "limpios" como dobles para proporcionar muestras en lugar de los atletas dopados, uso de hormonas de crecimiento indetectables, uso de transfusiones para limpiar la sangre antes de competir, programas de dopaje proporcionados por parte de entrenadores, sobornos de funcionarios para proteger a

los atletas, aviso previo a los deportistas que iban a ser controlados e, incluso, "un entrenador que dopó a deportistas de diferentes naciones actuando como consultor en materia de dopaje".

Además, los confidentes coincidieron en "el miedo a hablar y a las consecuencias" que tendría para sus carreras levantar la voz contra el sistema. Los deportistas limpios tienen la sensación de estar "abandonados".

### **MÁS ALLÁ DE LOS DEPORTISTAS**

Según los detalles revelados este jueves por la AMA, las investigaciones demuestran que el dopaje en la halterofilia "se extiende más allá de los deportistas y cuenta con el apoyo o la complicidad de personal de apoyo, entrenadores y oficiales".

"Dicho esto", subraya la Agencia, "es importante recordar que existen levantadores de pesas, entrenadores y oficiales limpios. Estos individuos y sus organizaciones desean competir en un terreno de juego justo".

Para darles confianza en la denuncia de la trampa, son imprescindibles "reformas" que acaben con "la cultura omnipresente del silencio".

La AMA estudió en dos de las investigaciones los casos concretos de **Rusia y de Rumanía**, pero las otras se extienden a diversos países.

Estas revelaciones llegan dos semanas después de que el COI diera un toque de atención a la IWF por la lentitud de sus reformas en materia de gobernabilidad y de política antidopaje y en la semana siguiente a que diversas maniobras internas llevaran al organismo a tener tres presidentes distintos en el curso de cuatro días.

El pasado mes de mayo dimitió como presidente el húngaro **Tamás Aján**, hombre fuerte de la Federación durante 40 años y que la convirtió en "un nido de corrupción al más alto nivel", según un informe posterior del abogado canadiense **Richard McLaren**, el mismo que investigó para la AMA la trama rusa de dopaje.

El COI ha advertido de que están en peligro "el papel y las cuotas para la halterofilia en los Juegos de París 2024". En Tokio 2020 ya hay casi una veintena de países con su participación limitada por reiterados casos de dopaje.

La AMA, que no tiene poder legal para actuar ante las infracciones descubiertas, ha conminado a las nuevas autoridades de la IWF, que deben aprobar una reforma estatutaria y elegir presidente, a tomar medidas para acabar con "este arraigado mal".

El testimonio de otro confidente resume el panorama de la halterofilia en los años recientes: "Vi desde temprana edad cómo los jóvenes usaban esteroides. Hoy, aquellos antiguos usuarios son los mismos que hablan de una nueva era de limpieza en la halterofilia. No quería empezar a entrenar porque sabía que algún día me encontraría con este dilema: perder o consumir esteroides para ganar".

### **LA AMA, "CONSTERNADA"**

El presidente de la AMA, el polaco **Witold Banka**, ha dicho que la Agencia está "consternada" ante los descubrimientos de su Departamento de Inteligencia.

"Durante demasiado tiempo, los levantadores de pesas limpios han tenido que lidiar con una cultura de dopaje arraigada en su deporte, en la que el miedo garantizaba que la verdad permaneciera oculta y que los que deseaban hacer lo correcto quedaran aislados", lamentó.

"Una vez más, esto ha demostrado la importancia de los denunciantes y la diferencia positiva que se puede lograr cuando las personas con información tienen el valor de presentarse. La información de fuentes confidenciales bien situadas, junto con el trabajo diligente de la AMA, está dando resultados significativos en una gran cantidad de investigaciones", añadió.

<https://www.mundodeportivo.com/otros-deportes/20201022/484224535592/la-ama-halla-datos-taxativos-sobre-dopaje-gracias-a-confidentes.html>

**PUNTO DE BREAK**

22/10/2020

"Se difundieron rumores de dopaje en torno a Nadal porque no soportaban que fuera mejor que Federer"

Lo dice Gilles Simon en su nuevo libro, donde dedica un apartado a denunciar el trato injusto que se le dio al español desde algunos sectores.



de [Diego Jiménez Rubio](#)



Rumores dopaje

Rafael Nadal. Foto: gettyimages

Parecía evidente que el [libro](#) de **Gilles Simon** daría mucho de qué hablar y apenas una semana después de su lanzamiento, esa sospecha se ha convertido en realidad. Van surgiendo poco a poco extractos de un libro que no está traducido al inglés ni al español, por el momento, y que muestra esa personalidad tan característica del veterano tenista galo, siempre claro y directo en sus declaraciones. Después de saber que había [criticado los métodos de entrenamiento franceses](#) y situaba a Nadal como ejemplo de deportista, una reflexión de Gillou ha generado una gran polvareda en la opinión pública, relacionada con [Rafael Nadal](#) y los rumores infundados de dopaje que se vertieron sobre él hace años.

Y es que es preciso recordar que a raíz de la Operación Puerto y unas palabras del médico Eufemiano Fuentes, en las que reconocía haber tenido como clientes a tenistas, algunos dedos acusadores señalaron a Nadal, generando un runrún que adquirió su cota máxima con palabras de la ministra francesa [Roselyn Bachelot](#) en marzo de 2016. "En el mundo del tenis no se desvelan muchos positivos por dopaje. De repente nos enteramos de que un jugador tiene una lesión que le mantiene alejado de las pistas. Sabemos que la lesión de Nadal entre 2012 y 2013 seguramente tenga que ver con un positivo en un control antidopaje", señaló la ministra, que fue denunciada y condenada por vertir acusaciones que jamás pudo demostrar.

La opinión de **Gilles Simon** sobre el motivo por el que desde algunos sectores, y especialmente desde Francia, se han dicho estas cosas, no tiene pérdida. "Para mucha gente sigue siendo difícil, aún hoy en día, asumir que Rafa es mejor que Roger. Tanto es así que se llegaron a difundir rumores de dopaje hacia Nadal por ese motivo, porque no podían aceptar que hubiera un jugador mejor que el suizo. Rafa no tiene nada que ver con eso, además me sorprende que se banalice la potencia física de Federer, nunca se habla de ello, pero tiene muy poco que envidiar al de Nadal", asegura el galo en palabras recogidas por [tennishead.net](#).

### **Simon califica como "extraordinaria" la potencia física de Federer**

"Que una persona haya sido capaz de ganar Grand Slams y partidos al mejor de cinco sets contra los mejores teniendo 35 años, como lo hizo en el Open de Australia 2017, es totalmente extraordinario, pero nadie habló de eso", declara un **Gilles Simon** con una percepción curiosa del asunto. Si esta filtración de extractos de su libro se debe a una estrategia comercial, desde luego parece la adecuada, porque con palabras como estas dan ganas de conocer más a fondo cómo percibe el tenis uno de los hombres que más tiempo lleva en el circuito y mejor conoce a **Rafael Nadal y Roger Federer**.

<http://www.puntodebreak.com/2020/10/22/difundieron-rumores-dopaje-torno-nadal-no-soportaban-fuera-mejor-federer>



**INSIDE THE GAMES**

22/10/2020

Transfusions, tip-offs, bribery, undetectable growth hormones - how doping corruption in weightlifting works

- By [Brian Oliver](#)



**A three-year World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) investigation into doping in weightlifting, based largely on evidence provided by whistleblowers, has revealed an astonishing level of corruption that in several instances is the subject of ongoing investigations by law-enforcement agencies.**

If many of the revelations in the McLaren Independent Weightlifting Investigation, published in June, related to historic cases of doping corruption this new report suggests that the problem is still here and now - and that cheats have ways of not getting caught.

They include the use of "undetectable" growth hormones; of transfusions to clean an athlete's system; of "doppelgangers" to provide clean urine samples for dopers; and of synthetic urinary devices to swap clean urine for dirty urine.

A law-enforcement agency is currently investigating alleged anti-doping corruption in Romanian weightlifting, the report says.

An unidentified Romanian weightlifter was suspended for using a doppelganger - having another person provide a sample - based on evidence gathered in late 2018.

The report states, "As this sanction is currently under appeal, and to protect the ongoing results management process, [WADA] will not disclose the identity of this athlete and other relevant details in this report."

The WADA intelligence and investigations department (I&I) also revealed that some national federations paid bribes to cover up doping violations, and corrupt officials gave advance notice of testing plans.



The WADA investigation "identified over 30 current or former athletes suspected of doping, over 15 current or former coaches suspected of assisting their athletes in doping, and over 10 current or former officials suspected of knowingly facilitating the doping of athletes under their supervision" ©Getty Images

While the more recent cases will be of greatest concern to the International Weightlifting Federation (IWF), the WADA report reveals that between 2012 and 2016 "Russian entities" paid \$5 million (£3.8 million/€4.2 million) to an unnamed high-ranking member of the IWF "to cover up allegations of doping by Russian weightlifters".

That was during the reign of Tamás Aján, who resigned in April after 44 years at the IWF as general secretary and President, and who was castigated by the McLaren Report for widespread corruption in finance, anti-doping and rigged elections.

McLaren revealed 40 doping cases had been deliberately covered up by Aján and his team during the period under investigation, and news [later emerged](#) of another 130 "hidden" doping samples.

The WADA report also states that in October last year a covert investigation discovered a discrepancy of \$3 million (£2.3 million/€2.5 million) between doping fines announced by the IWF and money actually received.

The IWF official who took the Russian bribes is under investigation for criminal activity.

Maxim Agapitov, President of the Russian Weightlifting Federation (FTAR) has put the blame on Aján before and today he told the Russian news agency TASS: "For the last four years, our federation does not need any bribes, we have been training absolutely normally."

Russia has had barely any doping violations since Agapitov took charge of the FTAR in November 2016, though 40 historic doping violations have been unearthed after information was provided by a whistleblower.

Agapitov insisted he knew nothing of the WADA investigation.

"But if the investigation is going on, then this is good.

"Considering that I am not a part of this system, it is even difficult for me now to guess something about what kind of bribery we are talking about or who [paid the bribes to whom]," Agapitov said.



Tamás Aján was International

Weightlifting Federation President when "Russian entities" are said to have paid \$5 million to a senior official to cover up doping accusations ©Getty Images

One of the biggest concerns to WADA will be the information, again from "confidential sources", about "undetectable" growth hormones being used by weightlifters.

There have been rumours about the use of growth hormones in weightlifting for a while.

They can be detected only by expensive blood tests, not in urine samples, and the window of detection is tiny compared to steroids.

Among the hundreds of sanctions imposed on dopers by the IWF, only six are for the use of growth hormones, with a seventh case ongoing.

The athletes concerned are from Turkey and Armenia in 2018, Poland in 2016, and three Beijing 2008 Olympic gold medallists from China.

A 2018 violation by the Uzbekistan lifter Rustam Djangabaev is unclosed.

It may be significant that Australia features in the WADA report, which praises Sport Integrity Australia, the national anti-doping agency, for its help in investigating the sourcing and trafficking of prohibited substances.

There was a scandal involving the supply of growth hormones by a scientist to Australian rules footballers a few years ago, and Aussie rules was the first sport in Australia to test for growth hormones.

WADA was unable to confirm or deny if there is any link between Australia and the availability of growth hormones in weightlifting.

Australia is also mentioned in the section about Romania, whose federation president Nicu Vlad, an IWF Board member, is a dual national who competed for both countries.



Rustam Djangabaev is provisionally

suspended over an anti-doping violation involving a growth hormone ©Getty Images

Intelligence collected through the part of WADA's investigation called Operation Extra suggested "the existence of a pervasive culture of mismanagement and abuse within the sport of weightlifting.

"More specifically, Operation Extra identified a number of National Federations, whose officials were alleged to have engaged directly or indirectly in the doping activities of their athletes".

It "identified over 30 current or former athletes suspected of doping, over 15 current or former coaches suspected of assisting their athletes in doping, and over 10 current or former officials suspected of knowingly facilitating the doping of athletes under their supervision."

Coaches provided athletes with doping programmes, and one coach acted as a doping consultant to athletes from different nations.

Doping control officers gave "tip-offs" about planned testing, and officials would provide that information to coaches and athletes.

WADA stated, "Operation Extra has also identified numerous dealers of prohibited substances, new 'doping' substances, contemporary 'doping' methodologies, urine substitution techniques, and several examples of bribes in exchange for anti-doping protection."

All intelligence "has been disseminated to all relevant WADA departments and external stakeholders".

As the McLaren Report stated in June, investigators were thwarted by "the culture of fear and silence" within the sport.

<https://www.insidethegames.biz/articles/1099888/weightlifting-1-wada-report>

INSIDE THE GAMES

22/10/2020

"Shocking" findings of WADA investigation into weightlifting to be passed on to other sports

- By [Brian Oliver](#)



**The International Weightlifting Federation's (IWF) Interim President, Mike Irani, has admitted that the latest revelations about doping corruption in weightlifting make for "shocking reading".**

A three-year investigation, which is continuing, by the World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA) intelligence and investigations division has highlighted a wide range of corrupt practices in the sport.

They include the use of "doppelgangers" to provide clean samples for dopers, synthetic urinary devices to swap clean for dirty urine, transfusions, bribery, tip-offs concerning testing plans, and "undetectable" growth hormones.

New revelations about "doppelgangers" and urine sample substitution will be passed on to other sports, as the WADA team believes the practice is likely to be prevalent among a wide range of athletes.

Using data analysis that focused on athletes who provided a positive sample shortly after a negative one, the WADA team identified a prospective pool of 130 weightlifters suspected of having undergone urine substitution.

Most samples had been routinely destroyed as they were "clean", but some remained and with the help of confidential intelligence WADA eventually investigated 53 samples from 39 weightlifters who were suspected of urine substitution.





Ghana's Forrester Osei,

deputy chair of the IWF Athletes' Commission, described the investigation and testing improvements as "good news for all clean athletes" ©Getty Images

Urine substitution was confirmed for 10 weightlifters from five countries through DNA profile analysis and individualisation.

It was also "very likely" to have occurred in samples by another eight weightlifters from five countries, leaving 21 of the 39 clear of suspicion, at least for the samples that existed.

All results from this investigation known as Operation Arrow will be forwarded to the IWF, but WADA is hopeful that all the blame for this practice will not fall on the athletes alone.

The WADA report says, "Operation Arrow is keenly focused on who else may be involved in facilitating this deception, (for example Doping Control Officers, coaches, athlete support personnel).

"To date, Operation Arrow has identified numerous persons of interest including athletes, DCOs, coaches, team doctors and officials.

"This work by Operation Arrow remains ongoing.

"The methodology applied by Operation Arrow in identifying actual and suspected cases of urine substitution can easily be applied to sports other than weightlifting."

WADA will "share the learnings and methodologies... to ensure a global and united effort to address urine substitution."

It will also move to have samples stored for years rather than months.

Forrester Osei, deputy chair of the IWF Athletes' Commission, said: "The development of a new methodology to detect urine substitution through DNA profile analysis and strategies to eliminate future use of doppelgangers during doping control is good news for all clean athletes, and it is a step towards ridding our sport of doping."



IWF Interim President Mike Irani admitted that WADA's report makes for "shocking reading" ©IWF

In the week when the IWF confirmed an extension of its partnership with the International Testing Agency (ITA), Irani said: "The IWF is determined to ensure a level playing field for the clean weightlifters, coaches and officials..."

"We will continue to take the necessary steps to deliver this level playing field, relying on the independent advice of WADA, the ITA and the IWF's newly-formed independent Anti-Doping Commission.

"The provisional outcomes of WADA's investigation into doping within weightlifting make for shocking reading.

"The IWF is firmly committed to empowering the ITA with the resources necessary for follow-up of any intelligence provided to it by WADA."

This week's agreement will empower the ITA to manage the entire anti-doping programme for international weightlifting, including the investigation and prosecution of all anti-doping rule violations, said an IWF statement.

Since the first weightlifting agreement was signed with the ITA, it has collected more than 2,700 samples from weightlifters and investigated "more than 110 violations".

"Clean weightlifters can rest assured that our sport now benefits from a world-class, independently administered anti-doping programme which will continue well into the future," said Irani.

<https://www.insidethegames.biz/articles/1099889/weightlifting-2-shocking-findings>

THE GUARDIAN

21/10/2020

## Miller-Uibo furious over Naser doping decision as Wada expresses concerns

- **Naser competed in Doha despite whereabouts failures**
- **Olympic champion questions World Athletics and AIU**

[Sean Ingle](#)

[@seaningle](#)



Gold medalist Salwa Eid Naser and silver medalist Shaunae Miller-Uibo (left) display their medals in Doha. Photograph: Yahya Arhab/EPA

The backlash against the decision to [drop doping charges](#) against the world 400m champion Salwa Eid Naser has intensified with the woman she beat to gold last year and the World Anti-Doping Agency president expressing their “concerns”.

Naser ran the third fastest time in history when she beat the Olympic champion Shaunae Miller-Uibo in 48.14sec in Doha, with only the East German Marita Koch and the Czech athlete Jarmila Kratochvilova having gone faster. However, it later emerged that Naser was competing while an investigation into three whereabouts failures against her in the spring of 2019 was under way.





## **World 400m champion escapes ban after tester knocked on wrong door**

On Tuesday Naser was [cleared on a technicality](#) after one missed test was struck off because a doping control officer knocked on the door of a storage unit containing gas canisters by mistake after the Bahraini athlete had accidentally given Wada the wrong address to her apartment.

However, a furious Miller-Uibo believes that Naser should not have run in Doha and is demanding that the World [Athletics](#) president, Seb Coe, detail “each step of all the failures that unfolded from this case”.

“My concern is with World Athletics and the AIU and the role they play,” she added. “The recent turn of events, with their littered errors, in my view, opens the door for many questions: What took them so long to make this information public? How is it possible that this case lingered on until the world championships in 2019 and the athlete provisionally suspended?”

Earlier this year it also emerged that Naser had also missed another test in January 2020, making it four whereabouts failures in total. However one of her filing failures in March 2019 was also backdated to 1 January 2019 so she did not have three offences in a 12-month period and a ban.

The [Wada](#) president, Witold Banka, has said his organisation will review the case. “As it relates to Salwa Eid Naser and the World Athletics disciplinary tribunal decision on her case I am concerned,” added Banka. “Wada will analyse it carefully and exercise its right to appeal if necessary.”

In a statement World Athletics said that it had no control over the AIU, or the tribunal that decided Naser’s case. “World Athletics has no input into case management and decisions,” it added “We understand that the time this process takes can be frustrating, but the system must be independent, robust and thorough in order to maintain integrity.”

The AIU confirmed that Naser was able to compete in Doha because an investigation was still under way and no charges had been brought. “Cases are generally not concluded soon after the date of the third whereabouts failure, but often will only be finalised months later after all the necessary evidence supporting the charge is gathered,” it added.

<https://www.theguardian.com/sport/2020/oct/21/miller-uibo-furious-over-naser-doping-decision-as-wada-expresses-concerns>

**TASS**

22/10/2020

## Russian Anti-Doping Agency says not going to scale down testing due to coronavirus

The worsening epidemiological situation in the country should not hinder the work of the doping officers, according to the regulator's press service



© Mikhail Japaridze/TASS

MOSCOW, October 22. /TASS/. The Russian Anti-Doping Agency (RUSADA) does not intend to scale down its testing of athletes despite the worsening epidemiological situation in the country, RUSADA told TASS.

"We are trying to maintain the testing scale and prevent suspension of it [testing] as it was in spring when we could not collect samples between late March and mid-June. In August, we collected 820 samples, while 912 samples were collected in September. All measures possible will be taken with a view to that," the RUSADA press service said.

"All the necessary steps to prevent the spread of the infection are taken in the RUSADA office," TASS was told.

Over the past 24 hours, the number of coronavirus infections rose in Russia by 15,971, bringing the total to 1,463,306.

<https://tass.com/sport/1215067>



